REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE KENTON COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS www.kyauditor.net

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE KENTON COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the Kenton County Fiscal Court audit for fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. We have issued an unqualified opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. Based upon the audit work performed, the financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects.

Financial Condition:

Fund balances decreased by \$3,107,802 from the beginning of the year, resulting in a cash surplus of \$27,177,026 as of June 30, 2002.

Report Comment:

Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

Notes To Financial Statement:

<u>Deposits</u> - The fiscal court's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities or bonds.

<u>Investments</u> - As of June 30, 2002, the county had General Fund Type investments totaling \$6,000,000. The investments were recorded at their carrying amount and are insured or registered or the securities are held by the county or by the county's agent in the county's name. As of June 30, 2002, the county had Debt Service Fund Type investments totaling \$1,012,326. The investments were recorded at their carrying amount and are insured or registered or the securities are held by the county or by the county's agent in the county's name.

Receivables - Receivables were due the Community Development Block Grant Fund for loans made from grant funds totaling \$396,381 as of June 30, 2002.

Long-Term Debt - Bond principal outstanding for the PPC Fund (Nursing and Health Care Facilities Bond Issue) totaled \$1,125,000 as of June 30, 2002. Bond principal outstanding for the PPC Fund (Park and Recreational Facilities Project Bond Issue) totaled \$2,055,000 as of June 30, 2002. Bond principal outstanding for the PPC Fund (Parking Facilities Project Bond Issue) totaled \$14,505,000 as of June 30, 2002. Bond principal outstanding for the PPC Fund (Courthouse Facilities Project Bond Issue) totaled \$18,960,000 as of June 30, 2002.

Long-Term Participation Agreement - Revenue bonds outstanding for the purpose of construction and reconstruction of jail facilities totaled \$2,974,317 as of June 30, 2002.

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To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor
Robbie Rudolph, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Richard L. Murgatroyd, Kenton County Judge/Executive
Members of the Kenton County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets, liabilities, and equity arising from cash transactions of Kenton County, Kentucky as of June 30, 2002, the statement of cash receipts, cash disbursements, and changes in cash balances, the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in retained earnings/net assets, and the related statement of cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Kenton County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Kenton County Golf Course Fund or of Kenton Housing, Inc. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors, whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion expressed herein, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Kenton County Golf Course Fund and Kenton Housing, Inc., is based solely upon the reports of the other auditors. The Kenton County Golf Course Fund has been presented as a blended component unit of the county and Kenton Housing, Inc. is a discretely presented component unit of the county.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, Kenton County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis and laws of Kentucky, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Kenton County Golf Course Fund and the Kenton Housing, Inc. are component units of the county. Their statements are prepared on the accrual basis whereby revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor
Robbie Rudolph, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Richard L. Murgatroyd, Kenton County Judge/Executive
Members of the Kenton County Fiscal Court

In our opinion, based on our audit, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities, and equity arising primarily from cash transactions as of June 30, 2002 of Kenton County, Kentucky, and the revenues received and expenditures paid and the cash flows of its enterprise funds for the year then ended, in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting.

In our opinion, based on the reports of other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material resects, the financial position of the Kenton County Golf Course Fund as of June 30, 2002 and the results of its operations for the year then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, based on the reports of other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material resects, the financial position of the Kenton County Housing, Inc. as of December 31, 2002 and the changes in net assets for the years then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated October 10, 2003, on our consideration of Kenton County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The accompanying financial information listed as supporting schedules in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements of Kenton County, Kentucky. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the accompanying comment and recommendation, included herein, which discusses the following report comment:

Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

Audit fieldwork completed - October 10, 2003

KENTON COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

Fiscal Court Members:

Richard L. Murgatroyd County Judge/Executive

Barbara Black Commissioner

Dan Humpert Commissioner

Adam Koenig Commissioner

Other Elected Officials:

Garry Edmondson County Attorney

Terrance Carl Jailer

William Aylor County Clerk

Mary Ann Woltenberg Circuit Court Clerk

Charles L. Korzenborn Sheriff

Mark Vogt Property Valuation Administrator

David Suetholz Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Ivan Frye County Treasurer

Rob Owens Occupational Tax Collector

Brenda Spare Finance Officer



STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS

KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS

June 30, 2002

	Governmental Fund Type							
		General]	Special Revenue		Capital Projects		Debt Service
Assets and Other Resources								
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments (Note 3B) Notes Receivable (Note 4A) Restricted Cash and Investments- Payroll Revolving Account Retirement Account Flex Spending Account Self-Insurance Account Self-Insurance Fund Personal Fund Account Investments - Board Restricted for Plant Accounts Receivable Concession Receivable Inventory Prepaid Items Property Plant and Equipment, Net Department Equipment	\$	12,703,522 6,000,000 54 926 6,767 1,457,434	\$	682,240 396,381	\$	695,821	\$	565,673 1,012,326
Furniture and Fixtures Leasehold Improvements Motor Vehicles Allowance for Depreciation								
Total Assets	\$	20,168,703	\$	1,078,621	\$	695,821	\$	1,577,999
Other Resources								
Amounts to Be Provided in Future Years for: Bond Payments (Note 6) Bond Defeasance Costs Capital Lease Issuance Cost Capital Lease Discount	\$	2,974,317	\$		\$		\$	36,195,165
Total Other Resources	\$	2,974,317	\$	0	\$	0	\$	36,195,165
Total Assets and Other Resources	\$	23,143,020	\$	1,078,621	\$	695,821	\$	37,773,164

KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS June 30, 2002 (C

Continued)	

	roprietary und Type		iduciary nd Type		Totals morandum Only) Primary Government	Cor	mponent Unit		Totals norandum Only) Reporting Entity
<u>F</u>	Enterprise		rust and Agency			Kento	n Housing, Inc.		
\$	269,421	\$	39,830	\$	14,956,507 7,012,326 396,381	\$	(11,631) 2,121,734	\$	14,944,876 9,134,060 396,381
					54 926 6,767				54 926 6,767
					1,457,434		1,366		1,457,434 1,366
							45,792		45,792
							680,210		680,210
							997,057		997,057
	15.020				15.020		991,031		
	15,020				15,020		22 407		15,020
	58,869				58,869		33,497 121,717		92,366 121,717
	5 229 561				5,338,561		121,/1/		5,338,561
	5,338,561				3,336,301		119 266		418,266
							418,266 147,926		147,926
							299,034		299,034
							77,041		77,041
							(600,185)		(600,185)
\$	5,681,871	\$	39,830	\$	29,242,845	\$	4,331,824	\$	33,574,669
Φ	3,001,071	Φ	39,630	Φ	29,242,843	Φ	4,331,024	Φ	33,374,009
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
	220,338 36,923 41,081				39,169,482 220,338 36,923 41,081				39,169,482 220,338 36,923 41,081
\$	298,342	\$	0	\$	39,467,824	\$	0	\$	39,467,824
\$	5,980,213	\$	39,830	\$	68,710,669	\$	4,331,824	\$	73,042,493

KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS June 30, 2002 (Continued)

	Governmental Fund Type							
		General]	Special Revenue		Capital Projects		Debt Service
Liabilities and Equity								
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll Accrued Compensated Absences Other Accrued Liabilties Gift Certificates Outstanding Provision for Health Insurance	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Bonds: KLCFCA Revenue Issue (Note 6) Nursing And Healthcare Issue (Note 5A) Park and Recreational Issue (Note 5B) Parking Facilities Issue (Note 5C) Courthouse Issue (Note 5D) Deferred Revenue (Note 4A)		2,974,317		396,381				1,125,000 2,055,000 14,505,000 18,960,000
Other Long-Term Liabilities								
Total Liabilities	\$	2,974,317	\$	396,381	\$	0	\$	36,645,000
<u>Equity</u>								
Fund Balances: Reserved Unreserved Fiscal Court Contributions Recreation Project Grant Revenue Sharing Allocation Retained Earnings	\$	10,175,405 9,993,298	\$	682,240	\$	695,821	\$	1,128,164
Total Equity	\$	20,168,703	\$	682,240	\$	695,821	\$	1,128,164
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$	23,143,020	\$	1,078,621	\$	695,821	\$	37,773,164

KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Pi	roprietary und Type	F	Fiduciary und Type	Totals morandum Only) Primary Government	Con	mponent Unit	(Mer	Totals morandum Only) Reporting Entity
<u>F</u>	Enterprise		Frust and Agency		Kento	on Housing, Inc.		
\$	345,000 24,535 27,150 90,531 58,056 20,692	\$		\$ 345,000 24,535 27,150 90,531 58,056 20,692	\$	201,679 201,805 126,760	\$	345,000 226,214 228,955 90,531 184,816 20,692
	2,880,000			2,974,317 1,125,000 2,055,000 14,505,000 18,960,000 396,381 2,880,000		51,368		51,368 2,974,317 1,125,000 2,055,000 14,505,000 18,960,000 396,381 2,880,000
\$	3,445,964	\$	0	\$ 43,461,662	\$	581,612	\$	44,043,274
\$	26,189 398,073 481,181 1,628,806	\$	39,830	\$ 12,747,649 9,993,298 398,073 481,181 1,628,806	\$	3,750,212	\$	12,747,649 13,743,510 398,073 481,181 1,628,806
\$	2,534,249	\$	39,830	\$ 25,249,007	\$	3,750,212	\$	28,999,219
\$	5,980,213	\$	39,830	\$ 68,710,669	\$	4,331,824	\$	73,042,493



STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES

KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

	General Fund Type							
Cash Receipts	General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Jail Fund	Go Ed	Local vernment conomic ssistance Fund			
Schedule of Operating Revenue Transfers In Transfers In - Admin. Fees and Other Tax Anticipation Note Borrowed Contributions City Payroll Taxes Collected Medicaid Intergovernmental Transfer Other Revenue	\$ 17,504,700 325,000 1,963,602 11,149,900 13,620,750	\$ 1,171,832 3,836,986	\$ 3,163,761 3,260,000	\$	20,998			
Total Cash Receipts	\$ 44,563,952	\$ 5,008,818	\$ 6,423,761	\$	20,998			
Cash Disbursements Comparative Schedule of Final Budget and Budgeted Expenditures Transfers Out Transfers Out - Admin. Fees and Other Claims Paid Bond Principal Paid Bond Interest Paid Tax Anticipation Note Repaid City Payroll Taxes Distributed Medicaid Intergovernmental Transfer Other Expenditures	\$ 12,780,127 6,290,000 219,380 11,149,900 13,620,750	\$ 5,254,300 225,000	\$ 6,047,199 144,914	\$	19,000			
Total Cash Disbursements	\$ 44,060,157	\$ 5,479,300	\$ 6,192,113	\$	19,000			
Excess (Deficiency) of Cash Receipts Over (Under) Cash Disbursements Cash Balance - July 1, 2001	\$ 503,795 7,742,626	\$ (470,482) 1,526,315	\$ 231,648 441,758	\$	1,998 15,640			
Cash Balance - June 30, 2002	\$ 8,246,421	\$ 1,055,833	\$ 673,406	\$	17,638			

^{*} Cash Balance Includes Investments

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

General Fund Type

Occupational License Tax Fund	Self-Insurance Fund	Flex Spending Account	Kenton County/Cities Tax Collection Account	Kenton County Tax Refund Account
\$ 737,865	\$	\$	\$ 14,310,864	\$
14,187,852				4,653,250
	2,965,029	20,405	20,405 11,811,496	
	784,876			
\$ 14,925,717	\$ 3,749,905	\$ 20,405	\$ 26,122,360	\$ 4,653,250
\$ 8,551,104 906,986 7,530,695	\$ 3,661,653	\$	\$ 14,310,863	\$
			11,811,706	
	278,392	21,224		4,650,234
\$ 16,988,785	\$ 3,940,045	\$ 21,224	\$ 26,122,569	\$ 4,650,234
\$ (2,063,068) 10,762,763	\$ (190,140) 1,647,574	\$ (819) 7,586	\$ (209) 7,722	\$ 3,016
\$ 8,699,695	\$ 1,457,434	\$ 6,767	\$ 7,513	\$ 3,016

KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Cash Receipts	De	ommunity velopment ock Grant Fund	Spe	rund Type Capital Properties Properties Corporation Fund-Parkir rcial Police Fund Project			Public Properties Corporation Fund-Courthouse Facilities Project	
Schedule of Operating Revenue Transfers In Transfers In - Admin. Fees and Other Tax Anticipation Note Borrowed Contributions City Payroll Taxes Collected Medicaid Intergovernmental Transfer Other Revenue	\$	334,836	\$	40,354	\$	6,733	\$	13,668
Total Cash Receipts	\$	334,836	\$	40,354	\$	6,733	\$	13,668
Cash Disbursements Comparative Schedule of Final Budget and Budgeted Expenditures Transfers Out Transfers Out - Admin. Fees and Othe Claims Paid Bond Principal Paid Bond Interest Paid Tax Anticipation Note Repaid City Payroll Taxes Distributed Medicaid Intergovernmental Transfer Other Expenditures	\$ e	313,000	\$	56,742	\$	362,840	\$	846,008
Total Cash Disbursements	\$	313,000	\$	56,742	\$	362,840	\$	846,008
Excess (Deficiency) of Cash Receipts Over (Under) Cash Disbursements Cash Balance - July 1, 2001 Cash Balance - June 30, 2002	\$	21,836 539,382 561,218	\$ \$	(16,388) 137,410 121,022	\$ 	(356,107) 597,200 241,093	\$	(832,340) 1,287,068 454,728

^{*} Cash Balance Includes Investments

KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Debt Service Fund Type **Public Public** Public Public **Properties Properties Properties Properties** Corporation Corporation Corporation Corporation **Fund-Nursing** Fund-Parking Fund-Courthouse Fund-Park and and Health Recreational **Facilities Facilities Totals** Care Project Facilities Project Project Project (Memorandum Only) \$ 59,302 \$ 329 \$ 2,758 \$ 9,723 \$ 37,337,369 7,421,986 219,380 875,321 1,427,123 23,326,528 11,149,900 2,985,434 11,811,496 13,620,750 1,296,000 2,128,429 7,199 941,822 \$ 219,709 1,429,881 \$ 1,305,723 \$ 109,781,892 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 32,964,730 7,421,986 23,326,528 3,661,653 835,000 105,000 630,000 335,000 2,049,914 63,524 114,380 797,123 957,650 1,932,677 11,149,900 11,811,706 13,620,750 4,949,850 898,524 \$ 219,380 \$ 1,427,123 \$ 1,292,650 \$ 112,889,694 \$ \$ 43,298 \$ 329 \$ 2,758 13,073 \$ (3,107,802)1,087,665 14,634 96,561 319,681 26,231,585

\$ 1,130,963

\$

14,963

\$

99,319

\$

332,754

\$

23,123,783



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS/NET ASSETS

KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS/NET ASSETS

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

	Proprietary				
	Jail Canteen Profit Account	Kenton County Golf Course	Totals (Memorandum Only) Primary Government		
Operating Revenues					
Pro-Shop Sales	\$	\$ 139,900	\$ 139,900		
Less Cost of Sales		97,599	97,599		
Pro-Shop Gross Profit		42,301	42,301		
Jail Canteen Receipts	46,062	12,301	46,062		
Green Fees	10,002	1,620,176	1,620,176		
Rentals-Power Carts		607,354	607,354		
Rentals-Miscellaneous		11,541	11,541		
Concession Commissions		111,790	111,790		
Operating Support					
Total Operating Revenues	46,062	2,393,162	2,439,224		
Operating Expenses					
Payroll Expenses		1,305,184	1,305,184		
Golf Course Expenses		790,700	790,700		
Clubhouse and Pro-Shop Expenses		196,529	196,529		
General and Administrative Expenses		105,897	105,897		
Nursing					
Social Services					
Dietary					
Laundry					
Housekeeping					
Jail Canteen Expenditures	49,539		49,539		
Total Operating Expenses	49,539	2,398,310	2,447,849		
Net Income (Loss) From Operations	(3,477)	(5,148)	(8,625)		

KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS/NET ASSETS For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Component Unit

Kenton Housing, Inc.	Totals (Memorandum Only) Reporting Entity			
\$	\$	139,900		
		97,599		
		42,301		
		46,062		
		1,620,176		
		607,354		
		11,541		
		111,790		
9,808,301		9,808,301		
9,808,301		12,247,525		
		1,305,184		
		790,700		
		196,529		
		105,897		
5,321,386		5,321,386		
299,447		299,447		
1,580,987		1,580,987		
246,586		246,586		
828,030		828,030		
		49,539		
8,276,436		10,724,285		
1,531,865		1,523,240		

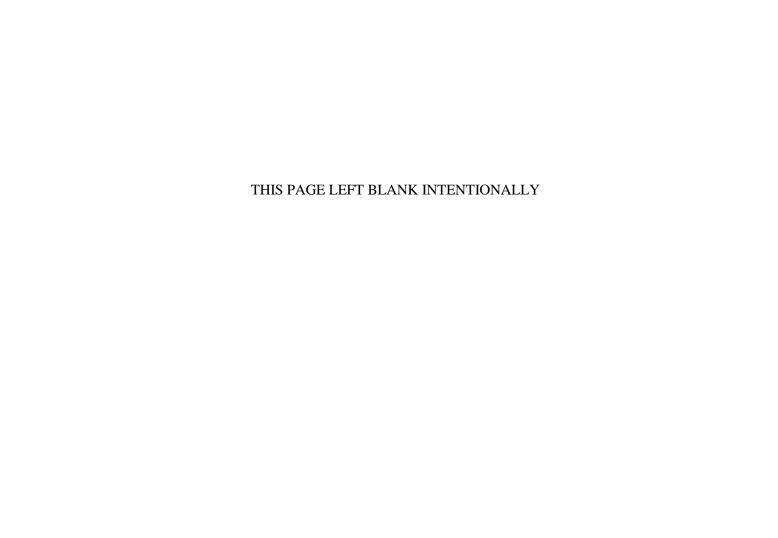
KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS/NET ASSETS For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

	Proprietary Fund Type						
		Canteen	<i>3</i>		Totals (Memorandum Only) Primary Government		
Other Income and (Expenses) Interest Expense Interest Income Indirect Expenses	\$		\$	(154,783) 15,945	\$	(154,783) 15,945	
Depreciation and Amortization Miscellaneous Income Net Gains/(Losses) On Investments Investment Fees				9,834		9,834	
Total Other Income and (Expenses)				(129,004)		(129,004)	
Net (Loss) Income/Net Assets		(3,477)		(134,152)		(137,629)	
Retained Earnings/Net Assets - as of July 1, 2001	\$	29,666	\$	1,762,958	\$	1,792,624	
Retained Earnings/Net Assets - as of June 30, 2002	\$	26,189	\$	1,628,806	\$	1,654,995	

KENTON COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS/NET ASSETS For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002 (Continued)

Component Unit

			Totals				
		(Men	norandum Only)				
	Kenton	Reporting					
Н	ousing, Inc.		Entity				
\$		\$	(154,783)				
	122,427		138,372				
	(1,980,677)		(1,980,677)				
	(80,819)		(80,819)				
			9,834				
	(383,719)		(383,719)				
	(15,392)		(15,392)				
	(2,338,180)		(2,467,184)				
	(806,315)		(943,944)				
\$	4,556,527	\$	6,349,151				
\$	3,750,212	\$	5,405,207				



$\begin{array}{c} \text{COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS} - \\ \underline{\text{PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES}} \end{array}$

KENTON COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

	Enterprise Funds				Totals	
	Jail Canteen Profit Account		Kenton County Golf Course		(Memorandum Only) Primary Government	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:						
Net (Loss) Income From Operations	\$	(3,477)	\$	(5,148)	\$	(8,625)
Reconciliation of Net (Loss) Income with						
Cash Flows from Operations						
Depreciation				477,939		477,939
Amortization				37,293		37,293
Loss on Trade of Fixed Assets				9,507		9,507
Changes In						
Concession Receivable				2,653		2,653
Inventory				(9,162)		(9,162)
Accounts Payable				(18,191)		(18,191)
Accrued Liabilities				9,505		9,505
Gift Certificates Outstanding				(4,174)		(4,174)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$	(3,477)	\$	500,222	\$	496,745
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:						
Non-Operating Income	\$		\$	9,834	\$	9,834
Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities:						
Payments for Capital Acquistions	\$		\$	(250,221)	\$	(250,221)
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt				(360,000)		(360,000)
Interest Payments on Long-Term Debt				(154,783)		(154,783)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$	0	\$	(765,004)	\$	(765,004)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:						
Interest on Deposits	\$		\$	15,945	\$	15,945
Net Change in Cash		(3,477)		(239,003)		(242,480)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period		29,666		482,235		511,901
Cash and Cash equivalents at End of Period	\$	26,189	\$	243,232	\$	269,421

KENTON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2002

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Kenton County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Based upon the criteria stated in GASB 14, management has included the Public Properties Corporation Funds as part of the reporting entity. Also included are the Kenton County Golf Course Fund and Kenton Housing, Inc. (Rosedale Manor Nursing Home).

Public Properties Corporation Funds are component units. Kenton County is financially accountable for Public Properties. They were set up solely for the benefit of the Kenton County Fiscal Court, and the Board of Directors of the Public Properties Corporation Funds consists of members of the Fiscal Court. Their financial data is blended with the financial data of the county.

The Kenton County Golf Course Fund is a component unit of the county. It is legally a part of the county. This fund is reported as an enterprise fund

Kenton Housing, Inc. (Rosedale Manor Nursing Home) is a discretely presented component unit. The nursing home is owned by the county and therefore is a component unit of Kenton County. Kenton County Public Properties Corporation issued bonds for the construction of Rosedale Manor in 1993. TANK taxes are used for payment of bond principal and interest. Therefore, the facility is a financial burden to the county. This component unit has a December 31, 2002 year-end.

Additional - Kenton County Constitutional Elected Officials

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff
- Property Valuation Administrator

The Kentucky constitution provides for election of the above officials from the geographic area constituting Kenton County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting

Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. The government uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Kenton County Fiscal Court's fund types, a definition of each, and county funds included within each fund type is listed below.

1) General Fund Type

General Fund Type accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund type. The Kenton County General Fund Type includes the following county funds: General Fund, Road and Bridge Fund, Jail Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, Occupational License Tax Fund, County/Cities Tax Account, Flex Spending Account, Self-Insurance Fund, and the Tax Refund Account.

2) Special Revenue Fund Type

Special Revenue Fund Type accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for the specified purpose. The CDBG Fund and the Special Police Fund of the Fiscal Court are reported as Special Revenue Fund Types.

3) Debt Service Fund Type

Debt Service Fund Type accounts for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest and include funds for the Public Properties Corporation Fund - Nursing and Healthcare Project, Public Properties Corporation Fund - Park and Recreational Facilities Project, Public Properties Corporation Fund - Parking Facilities Project, and the Public Properties Corporation Fund - Courthouse Facilities Project. Debt service is provided through annual transfers from the General Fund Type in the amount of the debt service requirements for the year.

4) Capital Projects Fund Type

Capital Projects Fund Type accounts for financial resources to be used for acquisition of major capital facilities. The Public Properties Corporation Fund - Parking Facilities Project and the Public Properties Corporation Fund - Courthouse Facilities Project Fund of the Fiscal Court are reported as Capital Projects Fund Types.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting (Continued)

5) Enterprise Fund Type

The Enterprise Fund Type is used to report an activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The Kenton County Enterprise Fund Type includes the Jail Profit Account and the Kenton County Golf Course.

The canteen is maintained by the county jailer and its operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135(1), which allows the jailer to sell snacks, sodas, and other items to inmates. The profits generated from the sale of those items are to be used for the benefit or recreation of the inmates. KRS 441.135(2) requires the jailer to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the Jail Canteen Fund. Technical Audit Bulletin 93-002 provides additional accounting and expenditure guidance for acceptable jail canteen operations. All profit expenditures were for the benefit and/or recreation of the inmates.

6) Fiduciary Fund Type

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the county in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. These include (a) expendable trust funds, (b) nonexpendable trust funds, (c) pension trust funds, (d) investment trust funds, and (e) agency funds. The Jail Inmate Account is an agency fund and is used to report the inmate resources held by the County in a custodial capacity.

C. Basis of Accounting

For all fund types, the county utilizes a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received, except for the recording of long-term receivables. Expenditures are recognized when paid, except for the recording of long-term obligations and amounts to be provided for in future years.

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to maintain a general fixed assets group of accounts; therefore the value of the county's fixed assets are not included in the financial statements. These fixed assets include buildings, equipment and land that are owned by the county.

The Kenton County Golf Course Fund and the Kenton County Housing, Inc. are component units of the county. Their statements are prepared on the accrual basis whereby revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Legal Compliance - Budget

The Kenton County budget is adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer. The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1. The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

Formal budgets are not adopted for the Public Properties Corporation Fund - Nursing and Healthcare Project, Public Properties Corporation Fund - Park and Recreational Facilities Project, Public Properties Corporation Fund - Parking Facilities Project, and the Public Properties Corporation Fund - Courthouse Facilities Project because bond indentures and other relevant contractual provisions require specific payments to and from these funds annually and transfers are budgeted in the General Fund Type to comply with these requirements. The Department for Local Government does not require these funds to be budgeted.

E. Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in bank accounts, and investments are stated at cost. Investments may include certificates of deposit on the financial statements; however, for the purpose of disclosing credit risk (Note 3), investments exclude certificates of deposit.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

F. Related Organizations

A related organization is an entity for which a primary government is not financially accountable. It does not impose will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship, even if the primary government appoints a voting majority of the related organization's governing board. Based on these criteria, the following is considered a related organization of the Kenton County Fiscal Court: Kenton County Airport Authority.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Joint Ventures

A legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual agreement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility is a joint venture. Based on these criteria, the following are considered joint ventures of the Kenton County Fiscal Court: Convention & Visitor's Bureau, Convention Center's Board, Sanitation District Board, Telecommunications Board of Northern Kentucky, and the Northern Kentucky Drug Strike Force.

Note 2. Employee Retirement System

The county has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a multiple-employer public retirement system which covers all eligible full-time employees. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 6.41 percent. Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 16.28 percent.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report.

Note 3. Deposits and Investments

A. Deposits

The county maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). According to KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met, and as of June 30, 2002, the county's deposits were fully insured or collateralized at a 100% level with collateral of either pledged securities held by the county's agent in the county's name, or provided surety bond which named the county as beneficiary/obligee on the bond.

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

B. Investments

The county's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the county at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or the securities are held by the county or by the county's agent in the county's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments where the securities are held by the financial institution in the county's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments where the securities were held by the financial institution, but not in the county's name.

Types of	Category						Carrying			
Investments		1	2			3		Amount		
General Fund Type										
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$	6,000,000	\$		\$		\$	6,000,000		
Debt Service Fund Type										
U.S. Treasury										
Notes		1,012,326						1,012,326		
Totals	\$	7,012,326	\$	0	\$	0	\$	7,012,326		

Note 4. Accounts Receivable and Uncollected Accounts Receivable

A. Accounts Receivable

The following receivables were due the Community Development Block Grant Fund for loans made from grant funds:

Due From	Interest/Length of Loan	ance Due e 30, 2002
Fort Mitchell Development LLC (12/1/86)	3%/15 Years	\$ 319,776
Piner-Fiskburg Ambulance Service (8/27/97)	5%/5 Years	7,087
Kenton County Volunteer Fire Department	5%/15 Years	69,518
Total		\$ 396,381

Note 4. Accounts Receivable and Uncollected Accounts Receivable (Continued)

B. Uncollected Accounts Receivable

The county has past due accounts receivable from the Fort Mitchell Developers, LLC. As of June 30, 2002, Fort Mitchell Developers, LLC owed the county 9 quarterly interest payments totaling \$21,585. The payments are related to a loan made available by the county through the Community Development Block Grant. Fort Mitchell Developers, LLC owes the county an additional 4 interest payments since June 30, 2002 totaling \$9,593, leaving a total of \$31,178 due the county as of August 31, 2003. As of August 31, 2003, the county had not taken legal action.

Note 5. Long-Term Debt

A. Public Properties Corporation Fund - Nursing and Health Care Facilities Bond Issue:

The Corporation issued first mortgage bonds dated December 1, 1967, to provide funds for the construction of the Covington-Kenton County Municipal Building. The total bond issue of \$3,465,000 was in denominations of \$5,000; these bonds mature on December 1 of years between 1969 and 2007, with interest of 5.50% to 6% payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The debt service requirements were to be paid 25% by the county and 75% by the city as rentals for the use of the property.

On July 3, 1985, Kenton County Fiscal Court contributed \$1,782,942 to the Covington-Kenton County Public Properties Escrow Fund of 1985 in order to effect the defeasance of the outstanding bonds. This amount, in addition to the \$228,360 transferred from the debt service fund, has been determined to be sufficient to meet all bonds and interest payments as they become due. Peoples Liberty Bank and Trust Company is the escrow agent.

In order to effect the refunding of the 1989 Series first mortgage bonds, the Kenton County Fiscal Court also contributed \$1,999,992 to the Kenton County Public Properties Corporation 1989 Bond Defeasance Escrow Fund. A total of \$7,713,235 is available to pay the old bonds as they come due. This escrow fund has been determined to be sufficient to meet all bond and interest payments as they become due. Fifth Third Bank is the escrow agent.

The Kenton County Public Properties Corporation issued first mortgage refunding bonds dated June 2, 1993, to provide funds for the refunding of the 1989 Series first mortgage bonds for the construction of the Kenton County Nursing Home (Rosedale Manor). The total bond issue of \$7,575,000 was in denominations of \$5,000; these bonds mature on October 1 of years between 1993 and 2003, with interest of 4% to 4.125% payable on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The bonds outstanding at June 30, 2002, were \$1,125,000. The debt service requirements for future fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Interest Rate	 Principal	I	nterest
2003 2004	4.125% 4.125%	\$ 860,000 265,000	\$	28,669 5,466
Total		\$ 1,125,000	\$	34,135

Note 5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

B. Public Properties Corporation Fund - Park and Recreational Facilities Project Bond Issue:

The Kenton County Public Properties Corporation issued first mortgage revenue bonds to provide funds for a park and recreational facilities project dated July 1, 1995. The total bond issue of \$2,700,000 was in denominations of \$5,000; these bonds mature on April 1 of years between 1996 and 2015, with interest of 3.5% to 5.65% payable on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The bonds outstanding on June 30, 2002, were \$2,055,000. Fifth Third Bank is the escrow agent. The debt service requirements for future fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Interest Rate	Principal		Interest
2003	4.60%	\$	110,000	\$ 109,655
2004	4.60%		115,000	104,595
2005	4.90%		125,000	99,132
2006	5.00%		130,000	93,008
2007	5.15%		135,000	86,508
2008-2012	5.25-5.40%		820,000	313,677
2013-2015	5.65%		620,000	73,073
Total		\$	2,055,000	\$ 879,648

C. Public Properties Corporation Fund - Parking Facilities Project Bond Issue:

The Kenton County Public Properties Corporation issued first mortgage revenue bonds to provide funds for a parking facilities project dated December 1, 1996. The total bond issue of \$17,400,000 was in denominations of \$5,000 and integral multiples thereof; these bonds mature on December 1 of years between 1997 and 2016, with interest of 4.5% to 5.7% payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds outstanding on June 30, 2002, were \$14,505,000. Fifth Third Bank is the paying agent and bond registrar. The debt service requirements for future fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Interest Rate	Principal		Interest
2003	4.70%	\$	660,000	\$ 766,808
2004	4.80%		690,000	734,738
2005	4.90%		725,000	700,415
2006	5.00%		760,000	663,652
2007	5.10%		800,000	624,253
2008-2012	5.20% - 5.60%		4,685,000	2,420,379
2013-2015	5.625% - 5.7%		6,185,000	 917,223
Total		\$	14,505,000	\$ 6,827,468

Note 5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

D. Public Properties Corporation Fund - Courthouse Facilities Project Bond Issue:

The Kenton County Public Properties Corporation issued first mortgage revenue bonds to provide funds for a courthouse facilities project dated June 1, 1998. The total bond issue of \$19,920,000 was in multiples of \$5,000 and integral multiples thereof; these bonds mature on March 1 of years between 2000 and 2029, with interest of 4.85% to 5.00% payable on March 1 and September 1 of each year. The bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2002, were \$18,960,000. Fifth Third Bank is the paying agent. The debt service requirements for future fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Interest Rate	Principal		Interest	
2003	4.85%	\$	350,000	\$	941,403
2004	4.85%		370,000		924,428
2005	4.85%		385,000		906,482
2006	4.85%		405,000		887,810
2007	4.85%		425,000		868,168
2008-2012	4.85% - 4.90%		2,455,000		4,011,280
2013-2017	4.95% - 5.00%		3,115,000		3,345,968
2018-2022	5.00%		3,980,000		2,485,250
2023-2027	5.00%		5,075,000		1,385,750
2028-2029	5.00%		2,400,000		181,500
Total		_\$_	18,960,000	\$	15,938,039

Note 6. Long-Term Participation Agreement

The Kentucky Local Correctional Facilities Construction Authority, an independent corporate agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, issues revenue bonds for the purpose of construction and reconstruction of jail facilities. The Authority issued \$10,495,487 of revenue bonds at various interest rates (4.5% through 7.0%), of which the county has agreed to pay \$4,438,213 principal and a proportional share of interest on the issue. Revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2002, totaled \$2,974,317. Debt service requirements due in future fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest
2003	\$ 154,103	\$	183,715
2004	163,874		173,633
2005	174,266		162,916
2006	185,316		151,512
2007	197,066		139,389
2008-2012	1,189,391		486,415
2013-2015	 910,301		88,943
	 _		_
Total	\$ 2,974,317	\$	1,386,523

Note 7. Self-Insurance Funds

Kenton County maintains a health insurance fund to provide health and dental insurance for their employees. They also maintain a self-insurance fund to provide liability and workmen's compensation for their employees.

Note 8. Flex Spending Account

Kenton County maintains a flex spending account to provide tax-sheltered deductions for dependent childcare and medical expenses.

Note 9. Kenton County Tax Refund Account

Kenton County opened a tax refund account in February 2002. The account was set up to refund taxpayers their portion of occupational license taxes based on Executive Order 01-140. The order authorized the County Treasurer to stop collecting an increase in occupational license taxes based on Ordinance No. 225.19 and 225.25. The order further authorized the County Treasurer to submit a plan for the repayment of said taxes. The order was issued on the basis of a June 1, 2001 decision by the Kenton Circuit Court, which challenged the legality of the increase. On December 18, 2001, the fiscal court approved the County Treasurer's plan to repay the occupational license tax. As of September 12, 2003 the county has distributed \$4,801,650 in refunds.

Note 10. Intergovernmental Transfer Program

The county is involved in the Intergovernmental Transfer Program (IGT) sponsored by the Cabinet for Health Services - Department for Medicaid Services. The program calls for the county to provide intergovernmental transfers to the Commonwealth in order to qualify Rosedale Manor Nursing Home, the county-owned facility, to receive enhanced payments for services provided to Medicaid-eligible residents. The local government funds are used as the state match for Medicaid programs. By doing this, more federal matching funds are made available to the state as long as they are used for the Medicaid program.

Note 11. Pending Litigation

There is a lawsuit against Kenton County Fiscal Court by the City of Covington, et al. It is a lawsuit to declare that the County's occupational license fee is illegal. This matter is not covered by insurance. The impact of this litigation, if it is successful against the County, is that it would result in a substantial decrease in income to the County and many County agencies, as well as organizations which depend upon the fee for a substantial part of their operating budget. The outcome of this litigation has not yet been determined.

Note 12. Inmate Account

Presentation of Changes in Assets and Liabilities is required for Trust and Agency Funds. The Jail Inmate Account is presented as a Trust and Agency Fund; therefore, presentation of this information is required.

Jail Inmate Account	Balance July 1, 2001		A	dditions	De	eductions	Balance June 30, 2002		
Assets: Cash With Fiscal Agents	\$	23,577	\$	525,833	\$	509,580	\$	39,830	
Total Assets	\$	23,577	\$	525,833	\$	509,580	\$	39,830	
Liabilities: Amounts Held In Custody For Others	\$	23,577	\$	525,833	\$	509,580	\$	39,830	
Total Liabilities	\$	23,577	\$	525,833	\$	509,580	\$	39,830	

COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED TO ACTUAL OPERATING REVENUE

KENTON COUNTY COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED TO ACTUAL OPERATING REVENUE

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

Budgeted Funds	Budgeted Operating Revenue		Actual Operating Revenue		 Over (Under) Budget
General Fund Type					
General Fund Road and Bridge Fund Jail Fund Local Government Economic Assistance Fund Occupational License Tax Fund County/Cities Tax Collection Account Special Revenue Fund Type	\$	21,033,000 4,831,186 5,977,000 17,500 10,893,014	\$	17,504,700 1,171,832 3,163,761 20,998 737,865 14,310,864	\$ (3,528,300) (3,659,354) (2,813,239) 3,498 (10,155,149) 14,310,864
Community Development Block Grant Fund		440,000		334,836	(105,164)
Totals	\$	43,191,700	\$	37,244,856	\$ (5,946,844)
Reconciliation					
Total Budgeted Operating Revenue Above Add: Budgeted Prior Year Surplus Less: Other Financing Uses					\$ 43,191,700 19,654,314 (13,844,850)
Total Operating Budget Per Comparative Schedule Of Final Budget and Budgeted Expenditures					\$ 49,001,164





KENTON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF OPERATING REVENUE

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

	Governmental Fund Type								
Revenue Categories	Totals (Memorandum Only)	General Fund Type	Special Revenue Fund Type	Capital Projects Fund Type			ot Service and Type		
Taxes	\$ 25,300,365	\$ 25,300,365	\$	\$		\$			
In Lieu Tax Payments	35,478	35,478							
Excess Fees	1,240,152	1,240,152							
Licenses and Permits	157,129	157,129							
Intergovernmental Revenues	4,777,312	4,477,312	300,000						
Charges for Services	2,881,387	2,881,387							
Miscellaneous Revenues	2,046,337	2,026,337	20,000						
Interest Earned	899,209	791,860	14,836		20,401	-	72,112		
Total Operating Revenue	\$ 37,337,369	\$ 36,910,020	\$ 334,836	\$	20,401	\$	72,112		



COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF FINAL BUDGET AND BUDGETED EXPENDITURES

KENTON COUNTY COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF FINAL BUDGET AND BUDGETED EXPENDITURES

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

	General Fund Type					
Expenditure Categories		Final Budget		Budgeted xpenditures		Under (Over) Budget
General Government Protection to Persons and Property General Health and Sanitation Social Services Recreation and Culture Roads Bus Service Other Transportation Facilities and Services Road Facilities Debt Service Capital Projects	\$	3,399,764 8,706,761 2,961,777 6,667,286 984,132 3,371,043 7,311,313 2,938,865 1,071,185 169,700 2,222,500	\$	2,963,250 8,370,476 1,762,965 966,130 775,875 2,948,122 6,314,421 923,699 193,195 1,362,353	\$	436,514 336,285 1,198,812 5,701,156 208,257 422,921 996,892 2,938,865 147,486 (23,495) 860,147
Administration		8,196,838		6,071,244		2,125,594
TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET - GENERAL FUND TYPE	\$	48,001,164	\$	32,651,730	\$	15,349,434
Other Financing Uses: Tax Anticipation Note- Principal Transfers to Public Property Corporation Funds Jail Capital Lease Obligation- Principal on Bonds		11,149,900 2,550,000 144,950		11,149,900 2,521,824 144,914		28,176
TOTAL BUDGET - GENERAL FUND TYPE	\$	61,846,014	\$	46,468,368	\$	15,377,646
		Spec	ial R	evenue Fund	Туре	
Expenditure Categories		Final Budget		Budgeted xpenditures		Under (Over) Budget
General Government Administration	\$	957,000 43,000	\$	313,000	\$	644,000 43,000
TOTAL BUDGET - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND TYPE	\$	1,000,000	\$	313,000	\$	687,000



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Richard L. Murgatroyd, Kenton County Judge/Executive Members of the Kenton County Fiscal Court

Report On Compliance And On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of Kenton County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated October 10, 2003. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Kenton County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Kenton County's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted a certain matter involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be a reportable condition.

Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect Kenton County's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. A reportable condition is described in the accompanying comment and recommendation.

• Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

Report On Compliance And On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe that the reportable condition described above is a material weakness.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified party.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

Audit fieldwork completed - October 10, 2003



KENTON COUNTY COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

REPORTABLE CONDITION AND MATERIAL WEAKNESS

Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

We noted the lack of an adequate segregation of duties for the internal control structure and its operation that in our judgment is a reportable condition and a material weakness under standards established by the American institute of Certified Public Accountants. During the audit it was noted that the senior accountant/office manager inputs receipts, prepares deposits, and prepares bank reconciliations. Management has considered and rejected additional cost when setting budget limits on spending for salaries and therefore accepts the degree of risk for a lack of an adequate segregation of duties. Therefore, the Auditor of Public Accounts has judged the lack of an adequate segregation of duties as a reportable condition. We recommend the fiscal court separate the cash safekeeping function from the cash reconciling function.

County Judge/Executive Richard L. Murgatroyd's Response:

Agreed and being done.

County Treasurer Ivan Frye's Response:

Agreed and being done.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

This comment has not been resolved and is repeated in the current audit.

The Jailer Should Prepare Monthly Bank Reconciliations And Report Annually To The County Treasurer

This comment has been resolved.

The Occupational Tax Collector Should Be Adequately Bonded

This comment has been resolved.

The County Should Develop Written Operating Policies And Procedures As Part Of Their Control Activities For Federal Grants

A single audit was not required this year.



CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE -LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

KENTON COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

KENTON COUNTY FISCAL COURT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2002

The Kenton County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Name

County Judge/Executive

Jvan V Jry

County Treasurer

CPA REPORT ON KENTON COUNTY GOLF COURSE

KENTON COUNTY GOLF COURSE

June 30, 2002

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT INCLUDING SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Judge Executive and Members of Kenton County Fiscal Court

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Kenton County Golf Course (a component unit of the Kenton County Fiscal Court) as of and for the years ended June 30, 2002 and 2001. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kenton County Golf Course as of June 30, 2002 and 2001 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated August 22, 2002 on our consideration of Kenton County Golf Course's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The statements of operating expenses are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the examination of the basic financial statements; and, in our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

VonLehman & Company Inc.

Fort Mitchell, Kentucky August 22, 2002

4695 LAKE FOREST DRIVE V CINCINNATI, OH V 45242-3745 V 513-891-5911 V 513-891-5969 fax

KENTON COUNTY GOLF COURSE BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS

	June 30,			
		2002		2001
Current Assets		 	_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	243,232	\$	482,235
Concession Receivable		15,020		17,673
Inventory.	_	58,869	•	49,707
Total Current Assets	_	317,121	_	549,615
Property, Plant and Equipment, Net	_	5,338,561		5,575,786
Other Assets				
Bond Defeasance Costs (Net of Accumulated				
Amortization of \$137,712 and \$110,169, Respectively)		220,338		247,880
Capital Lease Issuance Cost (Net of Accumulated	•	•		,
Amortization of \$23,077 and \$18,461, Respectively)		36,923		41,539
Capital Lease Discount (Net of Accumulated		,-		••••
Amortization of \$25,675 and \$20,540, Respectively)		41,081		46,216
	-			
Total Other Assets	_	298,342	_	335,635
Total Assets	\$ <u>_</u>	5,954,024	\$_	6,461,036
LIABILITIES AND FUND	EQUIT	Υ		
Current Liabilities	-,	•		
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	\$	345,000	\$	360,000
Accounts Payable		24,535		42,726
Accrued Payroll		27,150		24,356
Accrued Compensated Absences		90,531		74,433
Other Accrued Liabilities		58,056		67,443
Gift Certificates Outstanding	_	20,692		24,866
Total Current Liabilities		565,964		593,824
		0.000.000		2 225 222
Long-Term Debt		2,880,000	_	3,225,000
Total Liabilities	_	3,445,964		3,818,824
Fund Equity				
Fiscal Court Contributions				
Recreation Project Grant		398,073		398,073
Revenue Sharing Allocation		481,181		481,181
•		·		•
Retained Earnings	_	1,628,806		1,762,958
Total Fund Equity	_	2,508,060	_	2,642,212
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	\$	5,954,024	\$	6,461,036

See accompanying notes.

KENTON COUNTY GOLF COURSE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN RETAINED EARNINGS

	Years Ended June 30,			
		2002		2001
Operating Revenues	-			
Pro-Shop Sales	\$	139,900	\$	162,683
Less Cost of Sales		97,599		111,091
Pro-Shop Gross Profit		42,301		51,592
Green Fees		1,620,176		1,699,326
Rentals-Power Carts		607,354		620,412
Rentals-Miscellaneous		11,541		13,820
Concession Commissions		111,790	_	98,750
Total Operating Revenues	_	2,393,162	_	2,483,900
Operating Expenses				
Payroll Expenses		1,305,184		1,203,003
Golf Course Expenses		790,700		742,303
Clubhouse and Pro-Shop Expenses		196,529		148,641
General and Administrative Expenses		105,897	<u></u>	109,143
Total Operating Expenses		2,398,310	_	2,203,090
Net (Loss) Income From Operations	<u></u>	(5,148)	_	280,810
Other Income and (Expenses)				
Interest Expense		(154,783)		(171,856)
Interest Income		15,945		27,830
Miscellaneous Income		9,834		9,216
Total Other Income and (Expenses)		(129,004)	_	(134,810)
Net (Loss) Income		(134,152)		146,000
Retained Earnings, Beginning		1,762,958		1,616,958
Retained Earnings, Ending	\$	1,628,806	\$	1,762,958

See accompanying notes.

KENTON COUNTY GOLF COURSE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Years Ended June 30,			ne 30,
		2002		2001
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			_	
Net (Loss) Income from Operations	\$	(5,148)	\$	280,810
Reconciliation of Net (Loss) Income with				
Cash Flows from Operations				
Depreciation		477,939		440,783
Amortization		37,293		37,293
Loss on Trade of Fixed Assets		9,507		-
Changes In				
Concession Receivable		2,653		1,005
Other Receivables		•		8,817
Inventory		(9,162)		15,565
Accounts Payable		(18,191)		(25,005)
Accrued Liabilities		9,505		(33,830)
Gift Certificates Outstanding		(4,174)		12,563
ū				
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		500,222		738,001
Cash Flows Provided by Non-Capital				
Financing Activities				
Non-Operating Income		9,834		9,216
			-	
Cash Flows From Capital and Related				
Financing Activities				
Payments for Capital Acquisitions		(250,221)		(257,295)
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt	_	(360,000)		(366,296)
Interest Payments on Long-Term Debt		(154,783)		(171,856)
Not Ocal Handley One to Land Baland				
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related		(705.004)		(705 447)
Financing Activities		(765,004)		(795,447)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities				
Interest on Deposits		15,945		27,830
interest on Deposits		10,040		27,000
Net Change in Cash		(239,003)		(20,400)
Cash at Beginning of Period	_	482,235		502,635
Cash at End of Period	\$	243,232	\$	482,235

KENTON COUNTY GOLF COURSE NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Kenton County Golf Course is a component unit and operating division of the Kenton County Fiscal Court.

Accounting policies reflected in the financial statements included herein are summarized as follows:

Basis of Accounting

The accounting records are maintained on a cash basis. However, the statements presented in this report are prepared on the accrual basis whereby revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred. The statements apply all Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Cash and Cash Flow Information

For purposes of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand, cash in checking accounts and cash in certificates of deposit. All bank balances or deposits as of the balance sheet date are insured or collateralized.

Cash paid for interest in 2002 and 2001 was \$160,588 and \$178,477, respectively.

Use of Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Certain estimates relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Other estimates relate to assumptions about the ongoing operations and may impact future periods. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

Property, Plant and Equipment

The cost of property, plant and equipment is depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line method.

Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Significant betterments and renewals are capitalized. When property, plant and equipment is sold or otherwise disposed of, the asset account and related accumulated depreciation account are relieved, and any gain or loss is included in operations.

NOTE 1 - ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The useful lives of property, plant and equipment for purposes of computing depreciation are:

Land Improvements	5-40	Years
Buildings	15-50	Years
Driveways	10-15	Years
Power Carts	3	Years
Machinery and Equipment	5-10	Years
Furniture and Office Equipment	5-12	Years

Inventory

Inventory is recorded at the lower of cost (determined on a first-in, first-out basis) or market.

Amortization

Capital lease issuance costs are recorded at cost and are amortized using the straight-line method over the life of the capital lease.

The County sold the 1997 Series Bonds at a discount of \$66,756. This discount is being amortized using the straight-line method over the term of the bonds.

Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate a limited amount of unused sick leave, a portion of which will be paid to any employee with over ten years of service upon separation from the County's service. Unused vacation can also be accumulated up to certain limits. The cost of the sick leave and unused vacation is accrued in the period it is earned.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

An analysis of cash and cash equivalents is presented below:

	June 30, 2002		June <u>3</u> 0	, 2001
	Per Books	Per Bank	Per Books	Per Bank
Checking-Interest				
Bearing	\$239,732	\$198,262	\$478,735	\$440,362
Petty Cash	<u>3,500</u>	n/a	<u>3,500</u>	<u>n/a</u>
Total	\$ <u>243,232</u>	\$ <u>198,262</u>	\$ <u>482,235</u>	\$ <u>440,362</u>

The amount, per books, includes deposits in transit, outstanding checks and other reconciling items.

The Golf Course maintains its deposits with financial institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Amounts in excess of \$100,000 in any one financial institution have additional securities pledged as collateral.

NOTE 3 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment and the related depreciation is as follows:

	June 30,		
	2002	2001	
Land	\$ 354,885	\$ 354,885	
Land Improvements	6,777,189	6,777,189	
Buildings	1,044,812	1,044,812	
Driveways	153,901	153,901	
Power Carts	550,148	560,903	
Machinery and Equipment	1,524,835	1,395,843	
Furniture and Office Equipment	<u>137,658</u>	<u>137,658</u>	
	10,543,428	10,425,191	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	<u>5,204,867</u>	4,849,405	
Total	\$ <u>5,338,561</u>	\$ <u>5,575,786</u>	

NOTE 4 - LAND COST AND IMPROVEMENTS

From its inception in 1966, the Public Parks Corporation has held title to the initial tract of land upon which the Golf Course is operated. Subsequently, additional purchases of land were made and titled in the name of the Fiscal Court. The cost of these additional tracts are shown in these financial statements since the land was paid for and used by the Golf Course, an operating division of the Fiscal Court.

The land improvement costs shown in these financial statements have been incurred incident to the development of all the land used in the Golf Course operations and have been paid from the earnings of the Golf Course operations.

NOTE 5 - LONG TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consisted of:

	Principal <u>Issued</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Year of Maturity	<u>Balance</u> 2002	es June 30, 2001
	155060	Hate	wiatority	2002	2001
First Mortgage Revenue Bonds- 1966	\$ 585,000	5.625%	2001	s -	\$ 30,000
Mortgage Revenue Bonds-1997	4,690,000	3.85%-4.6%		3,225,000	3,555,000
Total	Short-Term Portion	on		3,225,000 <u>345,000</u>	3,585,000 <u>360,000</u>
	Net Long-Term P	ortion		\$ <u>2,880,000</u>	\$ <u>3,225,000</u>

NOTE 5 - LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

Requirements for principal and interest payments for the next five years and thereafter are:

Year Ended <u>June 30,</u>	Principal	<u>Interest</u>
2003	\$ 345,000	\$145,593
2004	360,000	130,585
2005	375,000	114,745
2006	390,000	97,870
2007	410,000	80,320
Thereafter	\$ <u>1,345,000</u>	\$ <u>125,580</u>
	\$ <u>3.225,000</u>	\$ <u>694.693</u>

Descriptions of debt follows:

First Mortgage Bonds of 1966

The Kenton County, Kentucky Public Parks Corporation issued bonds dated November 1, 1966 in the amount of \$525,000 at a rate of 5.625%. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to pay the costs of improvements to the course.

Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1997

The Kenton County, Kentucky Public Parks Corporation issued bonds dated September 1, 1997 in the amount of \$4,690,000. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to advance refund the outstanding mortgage revenue bonds, series 1990, of the Corporation, dated March 1, 1990, which were issued to pay the costs of construction, acquisition and installation of the Fox Run Golf Course.

Defeased Debt

In 1998, the County defeased the 1990 Series Bond Issue through the 1997 Series Bond Issue. A separate fund was established and funded to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is called or matures. For financial reporting purposes, the debt has been considered defeased and is not included in the financial statements. At June 30, 2002 the amount of this defeased debt outstanding amounted to \$3,290,000.

NOTE 6 - EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

Employees who work an average of 100 hours per month or more to participate in the County Employees Retirement System of Kentucky ("CERS") which is a cost sharing multiple-employer public employees retirement system created by and operating under Kentucky Law.

CERS covers substantially all regular non-certified full-time employees of each county and school board, and any additional local agencies electing to participate. The plan provides for retirement, disability and death benefits. CERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained in writing from the County Employee Retirement System, 1260 Louisville Road, Perimeter Park West, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601.

NOTE 6 - EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Participating employees contribute 5% of the creditable compensation. Employer contribution rates are intended to fund the normal cost on a current basis plus 1% of unfunded past service costs per annum plus interest at the actuarial assumed rate. Such contribution rates are determined by the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems each biennium. The Golf Course contributed 6.41%, 7.17% and 7.28% of employees' compensation during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2002, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

The Golf Course's required contribution for pension obligations to CERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2002, 2001 and 2000 were \$40,272, \$41,939 and \$47,816, respectively; 100% has been contributed for fiscal years 2002, 2001 and 2000.

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Golf Course is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Golf Course is covered by Kenton County Fiscal Court's commercial general liability insurance against these risks and all other risks of loss, including Workers' Compensation and employee health and accident insurance.

KENTON COUNTY GOLF COURSE STATEMENTS OF OPERATING EXPENSES

	Years Ended June 30,			
		2002		2001
Operating Expenses				
Payroll Expenses				
Salaries and Wages	\$	1,011,339	\$	925,791
Payroll Taxes and Employee Benefits	_	293,845		277,212
Total Payroll Expenses	_	1,305,184		1,203,003
Golf Course Expenses				
Chemicals, Fertilizers and Seed		159,161		136,326
Maintenance		42,855		29,510
Gasoline and Oil		29,049		38,261
Repairs of Equipment		65,922		56,938
Water		60,356		89,764
Supplies and Miscellaneous		56,357		33,485
Depreciation and Amortization Expenses -		50,50.		
Land Improvements and Equipment		377,000		358,019
Total Golf Course Expenses		790,700		742,303
Clubbayon and Dra Chan Evnanga				
Clubhouse and Pro-Shop Expenses		22,522		9,796
Commission Expense Utilities		33,577		27,891
		140		21,031
Power Cart Expense				28,190
Supplies and Maintenance		39,351		20,190
Depreciation Expenses - Clubhouse		400.000		90.764
Furniture and Office Equipment		100,939		82,764
Total Clubhouse and Pro-Shop Expenses		196,529		148,641
General and Administrative Expenses				
Accounting Fees		7,175		6,350
Telephone		13,152		14,694
Insurance		12,000		14,656
Supplies and Miscellaneous		26,396		24,738
Security Expense		595		480
Travel, Training and Dues		4,392		2,834
Amortization		37,293		37,293
Employee Physicals		4,894		8,098
Total General and Administrative Expenses		105,897		109,143
Total Operating Expenses	\$	2,398,310	\$	2,203,090

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Judge Executive and Members of Kenton County Fiscal Court

We have audited the financial statements of the Kenton County Golf Course (a component unit of the Kenton County Fiscal Court) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2002, and have issued our report thereon dated August 22, 2002. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits combined in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Kenton County Golf Course's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

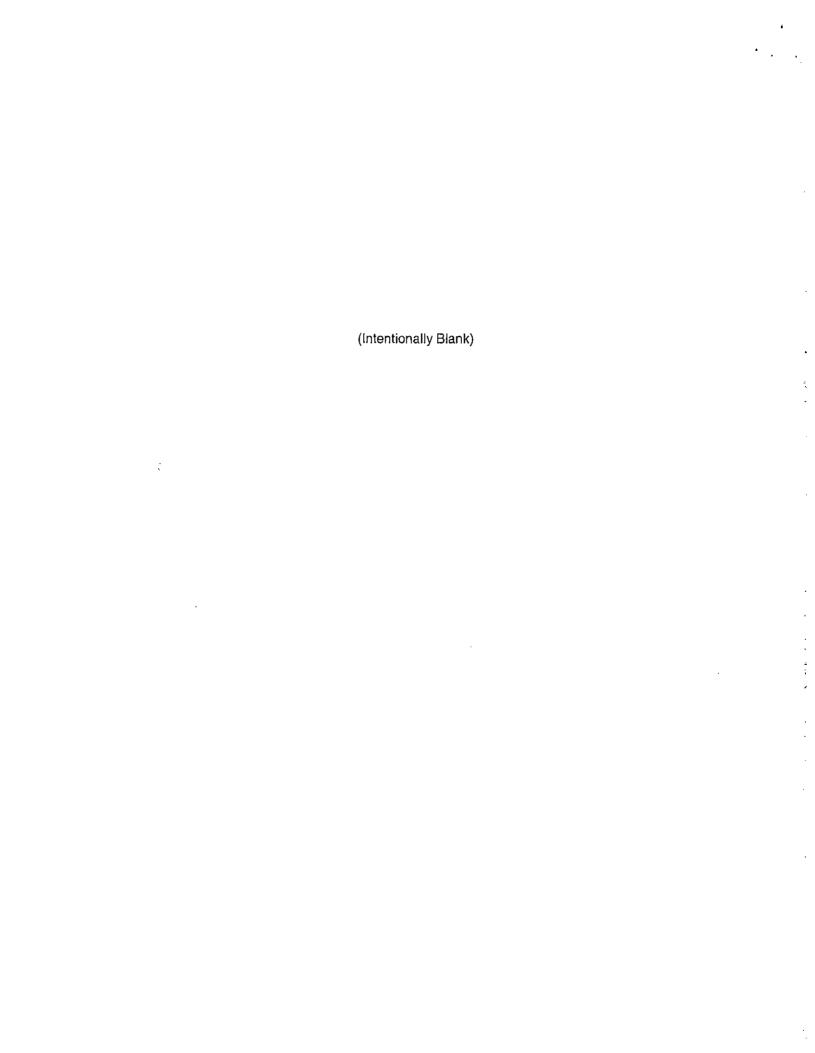
Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Kenton County Golf Course's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing th1eir assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider being material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of management and the Kentucky Department of Local Government and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

VonLehman & Company Inc.

Fort Mitchell, Kentucky August 22, 2002





August 22, 2002

Judge Executive and Members of Kenton County Fiscal Court

During our audit of the financial statements of Kenton County Golf Course for the year ended June 30, 2002, we noted the following situations that the Court may want to consider as opportunities to improve operations or controls.

Inventory

Currently, the Golf Course takes a physical inventory at December 31. It is our recommendation that the physical inventory be taken on June 30 to match up with the fiscal year end. This will enable the inventory number to be more accurate.

There were instances noted, where the initial purchases were not entered into the inventory system, therefore as the sales were recorded the inventory values in the system became negative when there was, in fact, inventory on hand.

Gift Certificates

The gift certificate report includes many items that have expired as far back as 1993. This list should be cleaned up and all old items taken off the list.

We want to express our appreciation to the treasurer's office and to the Golf Course staff for their hard work and courteous assistance during the audit.

VonLehman & Company

4695 LAKE FOREST DRIVE V CINCINNATI, OH V 45242-3745 V 513-891-5911 V 513-891-5969 fax

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CPA REPORT ON KENTON COUNY HOUSING, INC (ROSEDALE MANOR NURSING HOME)
Appendix C

KENTON HOUSING, INC. Financial Statements

December 31, 2002 and 2001

KENTON HOUSING, INC. Financial Statements

December 31, 2002 and 2001

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MEMBER:
AMERICAN SOCIETY OF CPA
KENTUCKY SOCIETY OF CPA
OHIO SOCIETY OF CPA

To the Board of Directors of Kenton Housing, Inc.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

I have audited the accompanying statement of financial position of Kenton Housing, Inc. (a nonprofit organization) as of December 31, 2002 and 2001 and the related statements of activities, cash flows, functional expenses and supplementary financial information for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Organization's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audits.

I conducted my audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audits provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kenton Housing, Inc. as of December 31, 2002 and 2001 and the changes in its net assets, cash flows, functional expenses and supplementary financial information for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

DAVID A. TERRY, P.S.C

January 17, 2003

- FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -

To the Board of Directors of Kenton Housing, Inc.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

I have audited the accompanying statement of financial position of Kenton Housing, Inc. (a nonprofit organization) as of December 31, 2002 and 2001 and the related statements of activities, cash flows, functional expenses and supplementary financial information for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Organization's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audits.

I conducted my audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audits provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kenton Housing, Inc. as of December 31, 2002 and 2001 and the changes in its net assets, cash flows, functional expenses and supplementary financial information for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

DAVID A. TERRY, P.S.C.

January 17, 2003

KENTON HOUSING, INC. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As Of December 31,

	2002	2001
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ (11,631)	\$ 103,390
Investments	2,121,734	· 2,727,966
Accounts receivable (net)	997,057	1,043,815
Inventory	33,497	29,368
Prepaid items	121,717	107,936
Total Current Assets	3,262,374	4,012,475
Fixed Assets		
Departmental equipment	418,266	489,809
Furniture and fixtures	147,926	172,253
Leasehold improvements	299,034	264,341
Motor vehicles	77,041_	84,463
Sub - Total	942,267	1,010,866
Allowance for depreciation	600,185	682,133
Net Fixed Assets	342,082	328,733
Assets Whose use is Restricted		
Cash - self-insurance fund	1,366	93,075
Cash - personal fund account	45,792	42,642
Investments - board restricted for plant	680,210	730,090
Total Assets Whose use is Restricted	727,368	865,807
Total Assets	\$4,331,824_	\$5,207,015

KENTON HOUSING, INC. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As Of December 31,

Liabilities and Net Assets	2002	2001
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 201,679	\$ 227,418
Miscellaneous accruals/payables	126,760	52,662
Accrued payroll and related	201,805	270,559
Provision for health insurance	51,368	57,207
Personal fund account	0	42,642
Total Current Liabilities	581,612	650,488
Non-current Liabilities	0	0
Total Liabilities	581,612	650,488
Net Assets		
Unrestricted	3,750,212	4,556,527
Temporarily restricted	0	0
Permanently restricted	0	0
Total Net Assets	3,750,212	4,556,527
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$4,331,824_	\$ <u>5,207,015</u>

KENTON HOUSING, INC. STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES

For The Years Ended December 31,

		2002		2001
Changes in Unrestricted Net Assets				
Operating Support	\$	9,808,301	\$	8,921,880
Direct Expenses				•
Nursing		5,321,386		5,207,172
Social services		299,447		260,093
Dietary		1,580,987		1,492,925
Laundry		246,586		226,749
Housekeeping		828,030		859,841
Total Direct Expenses		8,276,436		8,046,781
Excess Operating Support over Direct Expenses		1,531,865		875,099
Indirect Expenses (see Supplementary Financial Information)		1,980,677		1,244,933
Excess (Deficiency) of Operating Support over Expenses				
before Depreciation and Amortization		(448,812)		(369,834)
Depreciation and Amortization (page 9)		80,819		60,040
Doprociation and Amortization (page 3)				00,010
Excess (Deficiency) of Operating Support over Expenses		(529,631)		(429,874)
Non-Operating Support and Expenses				
Unrestricted donations		0		445
Investment income		122,427		159,929
Net gains / (losses) on investments reported at fair value		(383,719)		(264,670)
Investment fees		(15,392)		(16,913)
•				
Total Non-Operating Support and Expenses		(276,684)		(121,209)
Increase (Decrease) in Unrestricted Net Assets		(806,315)		(551,083)
Changes in Temporarily Restricted Net Assets) O) O
Changes in Permanently Restricted Net Assets		0		0
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets		(806,315)		(551,083)
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		4,556,527		5,107,610
-	e		đ	
Net Assets at End of Year	\$	3,750,212	3	4,556,527

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KENTON HOUSING, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For The Years Ended December 31,

Cash Flows From Operating Activities	2002	2001
Increase in Net Assets	\$ (529,631)	\$ (429,874)
Adjustments to Reconcile Change in Net Assets to Net	, , ,	, , ,
Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Amortization and depreciation	80,819	60,040
(Increase) Decrease in Operating Assets		
Accounts receivable	46,758	(340,603)
Inventory	(4,129)	(7,874)
Prepaid items	(13,781)	(40,480)
Cash restricted for self-insurance	91,709	178,775
Investments restricted for plant	49,880	27,428
Increase (Decrease) in Operating Liabilities	/ ·	(2.2.50=)
Accounts payable	(25,739)	(30,697)
Miscellaneous accruals/payables	74,098	12,595
Accrued payroll and related	(68,754)	12,725
Provision for health insurance	(5,839)	(196,305)
Personal fund account	(42,642)	(8,854)
Net Cash provided by Operating Activities	(347,251)	(763,124)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Payments for fixed assets	(97,318)	(131,554)
Short term investments, net	(276,684)	(121,209)
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	(374,002)	(252,763)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities	0	0
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(721,253)	(1,015,887)
Beginning Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,831,356	3,847,243
Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,110,103	\$2,831,356
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Information Cash paid during the year for:	Ф	·
Interest expense	$\frac{\$}{\$} = \frac{0}{0}$	\$
Income tax expense Non-cash financing activities	\$ 0	\$0
······································	· 	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

KENTON HOUSING, INC. STATEMENTS OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

For The Years Ended December 31,

-	2002			
_	Direct Care	Management and General	Total	2001
Salaries \$ Payroll taxes and employee benefits	5,046,471 \$ 1,165,314	461,646 106,602	\$ 5,508,117 1,271,916	\$ 5,280,077 1,133,518
Total Salaries and Related	6,211,785	568,248	6,780,033	6,413,595
Supplies Telephone and postage Travel and education Licenses and dues Professional and contract services Provider tax Insurance Plant utilities Small equipment and repairs Food Miscellaneous	611,076 0 481 111 866,522 0 0 0 18,534 545,432 22,495	58,777 18,022 18,538 13,477 175,246 588,730 268,608 244,059 12,339 0 14,633	669,853 18,022 19,019 13,588 1,041,768 588,730 268,608 244,059 30,873 545,432 37,128	1,111,038 155,011 38,826 249,274 70,838 532,428
Total Expenses before Depreciation	8,276,436	1,980,677	10,257,113	9,291,714
Depreciation _	0	80,819	80,819	60,040
Total Expenses \$ _	8,276,436 \$	2,061,496	\$ <u>10,337,932</u>	\$ <u>9,351,754</u>

- SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION -

KENTON HOUSING, INC. SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF INDIRECT EXPENSES BEFORE DEPRECIATION

For The Years Ended December 31,

Administrative and General	2002	2001
Salaries	\$ 314,858	\$ 332,838
Payroll taxes and employee benefits	72,706	71,453
Supplies	29,746	29,212
Telephone	18,022	25,153
Travel	12,634	10,868
Licenses and dues	13,477	22,217
Professional services	150,516	39,164
Provider tax	588,730	155,011
Insurance	268,608	38,826
Miscellaneous	20,052	37,785
Total Administrative and General	1,489,349	762,527
Plant Operation and Maintenance		
Salaries	146,788	129,197
Payroll taxes and employee benefits	33,896	27,736
Fuel	44,978	89,897
Electricity	132,976	106,938
Water and sewage	66,105	52,439
Supplies- maintenance and repairs	66,585	76,199
Total Plant Operation and Maintenance	491,328	482,406
Total Indirect Expenses before Depreciation	\$ 1,980,677	\$ 1,244,933

KENTON HOUSING, INC. SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF DEPRECIATION

For The Years Ended December 31,

	2002	2001
Departmental Equipment	\$ 51,350	\$ 30,571
Vehicles	1,482	1,482
Furniture and Fixtures	9,114	9,114
Leasehold Improvements	18,873	18,873
Total Depreciation	\$ 80,819	\$ 60,040

- NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -

December 31, 2002 and 2001

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Activities

Kenton Housing, Inc. (aka Rosedale Manor) (the Facility) was incorporated in 1962 as a not-for-profit corporation. The Facility operates a 240 bed nursing home in Covington, Kentucky.

The summary of significant accounting policies of the Facility is presented to assist in understanding the financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of the Facility's management, who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These financial statements conform to generally accepted accounting principles.

Support and Expenses

The Facility derives a significant portion of its support from a cost reimbursement system funded by the Kentucky Medical Assistance Program. This program reimburses the Facility on a prospective per diem rate established quarterly by the Commonwealth of Kentucky, Department for Human Resources, for residents qualifying for nursing facility care. The support received from the Kentucky Medical Assistance Program is reported as unrestricted support.

Contributions received and unconditional promises to give are measured at their fair values and are reported as an increase in net assets. The Facility reports gifts of cash and other assets as restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets, or if they are designated as support for future periods. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the statement of activity as net assets released from restrictions. Donor-restricted contributions whose restrictions are met in the same reporting period are reported as unrestricted support.

The Facility reports gifts of goods and equipment as unrestricted support unless explicit donor stipulations specify how the donated assets must be used. Gifts of long-lived assets with explicit restrictions that specify how the assets are to be used and gifts of cash or other assets that must be used to acquire long-lived assets are reported as restricted support. Absent explicit donor stipulations about how long those long-lived assets must be maintained, the Facility reports expirations of donor restrictions when the donated or acquired long-lived assets are placed in service.

Expenses are recorded when incurred in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting.

December 31, 2002 and 2001

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued -

Charity Care

The Facility has a policy of providing charity care to existing residents to the extent their personal funds and third party reimbursements are insufficient to cover the standard room rates. Such residents are identified based on information obtained from the resident and subsequent analysis. Resident charges that will not be covered due to charity care are adjusted from residents-room and board revenues through the allowance account, subsequently estimated charges for charity care are not included in residents-room and board support.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash held in checking and money market accounts, as well as certificates of deposit with maturities of less than 90 days when applicable. At year-end and throughout the year, the Facility's cash balances were deposited in several banks. Management believes the facility is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents. Cash balances as of December 31, 2002 are overdrawn. While the general presentation for overdrawn cash is a liability, the Facility has opted to present cash as an asset, in brackets (), for 2002.

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Facility considers all unrestricted highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments

In prior years, the Facility recorded investments in short term securities at cost. Effective in 1995, the Facility adopted SFAS NO. 124, Accounting for Certain Investments Held by Not-For-Profit Organizations. Under SFAS NO. 124, investments in marketable securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities are valued at their fair values in the statement of financial position. Unrealized gains and losses are included in the change in net assets.

Leasehold Improvements and Equipment

Purchased items are recorded at cost. Donations of property and equipment are recorded as support at their estimated fair value. Such donations are reported as unrestricted support unless the donor has restricted the donated asset to a specific purpose. Assets donated with explicit restrictions regarding their use and contributions of cash that must be used to acquire property and equipment are reported as restricted support. Absent donor stipulations regarding how long those donated assets must be maintained, the facility reports expirations of donor restrictions when the donated or acquired assets are placed in service as instructed by the donor. The Facility reclassifies temporarily restricted net assets to unrestricted net assets at that time. Substantially all depreciation is computed on the straight-line method based on estimated useful lives of 3 to 20 years on leasehold improvements, departmental equipment, transportation equipment and office furniture and fixtures.

December 31, 2002 and 2001

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued -

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market, determined by the first-in, first-out method. Inventories consist of kitchen and canteen (gift / retail shop) items.

Land and Building

The land and building are the property of the Kenton County Public Properties Corporation. They are made available to the Facility so that long term care is available in Kenton County.

Tax Status

The Facility is a Not-For-Profit organization as described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and is exempt from federal income taxes on related income pursuant to Section 501 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Financial Statement Presentation

Under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 117, "Financial Statements of Not-For-Profit Organizations", the Facility is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets. In addition, the Facility is required to present a statement of cash flows.

Contributions

The Organization has also adopted SFAS No. 116, "Accounting for Contributions Received and Contributions Made". Contributions received are recorded as unrestricted, temporarily restricted, or permanently restricted support depending on the existence or nature of any donor restrictions.

Contributed Services

During the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, the value of contributed services meeting the requirements for recognition in the financial statements was not material and has not been recorded. In addition, many individuals volunteer their time and perform a variety of tasks that assist the Organization at the residents' facilities, but these services do not meet the criteria for recognition as contributed services.

December 31, 2002 and 2001

NOTE 2: ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consist of the following:

	2002	2001
Kentucky Medical Assistance Program	\$ 668,692	\$ 722,254
Private Pay	152,902	151,735
Medicare	116,237	110,762
Other	64,820	66,184
Sub Total	1,002,651	1,050,935
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	(5,593)	(7,120)
Total	\$997,058_	\$1,043,815_

NOTE 3: PROFIT SHARING PLAN

The Facility provides for an employer sponsored profit sharing plan. The plan covers substantially all full-time employees with more than one year of continuous employment with the Facility. The Facility funded contribution can range from 15% to 0% for eligible employees. Contributions made for the year ended December 31, are as follows:

2002		 2001	
\$_	50,004		\$ 50,000_

NOTE 4: INVESTMENTS

The Facility maintains an investment policy allowing funds to be invested in Government Securities, High Grade Corporate Securities and other Securities as deemed appropriate. The investments are maintained in separate portfolios for Investments - general and Investments - board restricted for plant.

December 31, 2002 and 2001

NOTE 4: INVESTMENTS - continued -

The Facility has a board adopted policy of self-imposing a restriction on certain investments. Annually an amount of funds are transferred from investments-general, and cash and cash equivalents, to investments-board restricted for plant. The amount transferred is equal to the annual depreciation and amortization charge. The related earnings and expenses of the investments-board restricted for plant account remain in and are charged to that account. The funds in turn are used for and are available to provide for major alterations, repairs and renovations of the Facility's building and equipment.

The Facility had balances in the accounts on December 31, as follows:

	2002	2001
Investments		
Fair Market Value	\$	\$ <u>2,727,966</u>
Cost Basis	\$ <u>2,121,017</u>	\$ <u>2,481,984</u>
Investments - board restricted for plant		
Fair Market Value	\$680,210_	\$730,090
Cost Basis	\$699,844_	\$ 696,733
As of December 31, the composition of all in	vestments is as follows:	
Security	2002	2001
Cash (market yield - 3.2%)	\$ 29,897	\$ 105,079
U.S. Government Obligations (market yield 4.75% - 7.75%)	1,265,810	1,482,596
Common Stock	1,506,237	1,870,381_
Fair Market Value	\$2,801,944	3,458,056
Original Cost	\$ <u>2,820,861</u>	\$ <u>3,178,717</u>

December 31, 2002 and 2001

NOTE 5: PERSONAL FUND ACCOUNT

Resident funds are held by the Facility for the daily use of the residents. The funds are held in a separate, interest bearing, FDIC insured account and resident balances are reconciled on a daily basis by bonded employees of the Facility. The funds are reported as cash with a corresponding offsetting liability. As of December 31, the balances were as follows:

2002		
\$	45,792	\$ 42,642

NOTE 6: DISCOUNTS EARNED

Discounts are netted when paid and, therefore, are not disclosed as support.

NOTE 7: HEALTH CARE PROVIDER TAX

The Facility is subject to a provider-based health care tax. For the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 the Facility paid \$ 588,730 and \$155,011, respectively.

NOTE 8: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Third Party Rate Adjustments and Support

The Facility derives a significant portion of its revenue from a cost reimbursement system funded by the Kentucky Medical Assistance Program. This program reimburses the Facility on a prospective per diem rate established quarterly by the Commonwealth of Kentucky, Department for Human Resources, for residents qualifying for nursing facility care. The Facility presently has 180 of their 240 beds covered by this program. Periodic audits are conducted by the funding source to ensure that proper reimbursement has been provided. As a result of these audits, it is possible that at any given time the Facility could have been over or under reimbursed, consequently a previously unrecorded liability or asset may be incurred as a result of the audit (s). Management believes that the proper amount of reimbursement has been received and that any adjustment, as a result of an audit, would not be material to the financial position of the Facility. Therefore no provision has been made on the financial statements.

December 31, 2002 and 2001

NOTE 8: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES - continued -

Medical Malpractice Coverage

The Facility purchases medical malpractice insurance under an occurrence policy on a fixed premium basis. The current policy has no deductible. The Facility bears risk for the portion of any individual claim exceeding \$1,000,000. The policy provides for aggregate claims up to \$10,000,000 annually. Generally accepted accounting principles require a health care provider to accrue the expense of its share of malpractice claim costs for any reported and unreported incidents of potential improper professional service occurring during the year by estimating the probable ultimate cost of the incidents. Based upon the Facilities claim experience, administration believes the recording of an accrual is unnecessary.

NOTE 9: CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The Facility derives a significant portion of its support from a cost reimbursement system funded by the Kentucky Medical Assistance Program.

NOTE 10: FUNCTIONAL ALLOCATION OF EXPENSES

The costs of providing the direct care and the management and general activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of functional expenses. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the direct care and management and general activities.

NOTE 11: STOP - LOSS INSURANCE

The Facility is self-funded for employee medical insurance. A stop-loss policy is maintained that limits the amount of employee medical claims the Facility is responsible for to \$40,000 per employee annually. As of the end of the year the following amounts have been recognized:

	2002	2001
Cash Restricted	\$1,366	\$ 93,075
Liability Recorded	\$51,368_	\$57,207
Expense Recorded	\$ 614,712	\$490,425_

December 31, 2002 and 2001

NOTE 12: CASH NEEDS

The policy objective is to maintain reserves in the cash (interest bearing) and investment accounts, a cash balance equal to 90 days of projected operating expenses, \$ 250,000 per year for building repairs and replacement, and an amount equal to the capital budget for the next year. The Building Replacement and Major Repairs reserve is decreased by the amount of major repairs actually made and equipment purchased for the year. As of December 31, the cash needs are as follows:

Decomos 51, and cash needs are as less were	2002	2001	
Projected Operating Expenses Building Replacement and Major Repairs Capital Budget	\$ 2,549,937 1,286,187 175,000	\$ 2,402,281 1,133,505 175,000	
Cash Balance Desired	4,011,124	3,710,786	
Unrestricted Cash & Investments	2,110,103	2,831,356	
Balance	\$ (1,901,021)	\$ (879,430)	